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LOCKING DEVICE FOR MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS

Abstract:

130d Abstract of WO0171743

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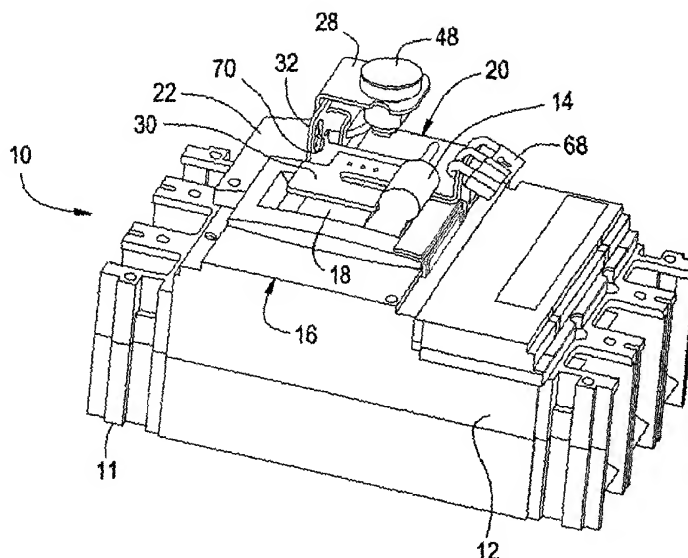
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(54) Title: LOCKING DEVICE FOR MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS



(57) **Abstract:** The invention relates to a locking device (20) mounted directly on a circuit breaker (10) and configured for mounting different locks. The locking device (20) includes a yoke member (28), a slider member (32), a handle block (30) and a lock (48). When the locking device (20) is locked, the handle block (30) abuts the operating handle (14) in an engaged position corresponding to the operating handle (14) in the ON or OFF position. Thus, the locking device (20) locks the circuit breaker (10) in the OFF position or the ON position. The locking device (20) may further comprise a base member (22) disposed between the yoke member (28) and the housing (16). When it is desired to lock the circuit breaker (10) in the on position, the base member (22) is adapted to cover the push-to-trip button (70) on the housing (16).



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LOCKING DEVICE FOR MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKERS

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is based upon, and claims the benefit of, United States Provisional Patent Application No. 60/190,294 filed on March 17, 2000, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention relates generally to the field of circuit breakers and, more particularly, to a locking device for locking the circuit breaker handle in either an on or an off position.

10 It is frequently necessary to ensure that electrical equipment cannot be operated, for example while maintenance work is being carried out. It is essential to ensure that circuit breakers associated with the equipment are secured in the OFF position to avoid inadvertent operation that can lead to unplanned personnel exposure or equipment damage. Also, it is also often necessary to ensure that equipment is secured in the ON position, to prevent accidental shutdown of machinery, such as refrigeration equipment, life support systems, fire protection devices and continuous processes which require 1-2 days to start (e.g. cement manufacturing). Therefore, the ability to lock the circuit breaker in either the off or the on position is desirable. 15 Further, when the circuit breaker is locked in the on position, an unintentional or purposeful trip of the circuit breaker caused by the pressing of a trip test button is undesirable. In such an instance, an electrical unit is needlessly shut down causing unnecessary time delays and costly down time.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

20 In an exemplary embodiment of the invention, a locking device for use on a circuit breaker having a housing and an operating handle. The locking device comprising a yoke member fixedly attached to the housing, a slider member slidably engaged to the yoke member, a handle block depending from the slider member and

positioned to abut the operating handle in an engaged position, and a first lock arranged to secure the slider member and the handle block in the engaged position. When the locking device is locked, the handle block abuts the operating handle in an engaged position corresponding to the operating handle in the ON or OFF position.

5 Thus, the locking device locks the circuit breaker in the OFF position or the ON position. The locking device may further comprise a base member disposed between the yoke member and the housing. When it is desired to lock the circuit breaker in the on position, the base member is adapted to cover the push-to-trip button on the housing.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

10 Figure 1 is an isometric view of a circuit breaker in the off position including the locking device of the present invention;

Figure 2 is an isometric view of a circuit breaker in the on position including the locking device of Figure 1;

15 Figure 3 is an isometric view of the base member of the locking device of Figure 1 and the top cover of the circuit breaker of Figure 1;

Figure 4 is an isometric view of the yoke member of the locking device of Figure 1;

Figure 5 is an isometric view of the slider member of the locking device of Figure 1;

20 Figure 6 is a top view of the handle block of the locking device of Figure 1;

Figure 7 is an isometric view of the cam link of the locking device of Figure 1; and

25 Figure 8 is an isometric view of the slider member, yoke member, cam link, figure lock and nut of the locking device of Figure 1.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Referring to Figure 1, a circuit breaker 10 is shown in the OFF position. Circuit breaker 10 includes a housing, shown generally at 16. Housing 16 contains mechanical operating components within a circuit breaker case (housing) 11 and electronic components within a circuit breaker cover 12. The circuit breaker cover 12 is securely fastened to the circuit breaker case 11. A top cover (not shown) attached to the circuit breaker cover 12 protects the electronic components from the environment. An operating handle 14 extends through an opening 18 in the circuit breaker cover 12. The handle 14 is movable between an OFF position, at one end of the opening 18, to an ON position, at the opposite end of the opening 18. Moving the handle 14 to the OFF position separates a pair of main contacts (not shown) within the circuit breaker 10 to stop the flow of electrical current through the main contacts. Moving the handle 14 to the ON position brings the main contacts into contact to allow the electrical current to flow through the main contacts to a protected load.

A "push to trip" button 70 is located on the circuit breaker cover 12 adjacent the opening 18. Pressing the "push to trip" button causes the operating mechanism (not shown) within case 11 to trip and separate the main contacts (not shown) stopping the flow of electric current to the protected load. The design and operation of the circuit breaker 10 is known in the art. A locking device 20 is secured to the circuit breaker cover 12. Locking device 20 locks the handle 14 in either the OFF position, as shown in Figure 1, or the ON position, as shown in Figure 2. Locking device 20 includes a base member 22, a slider member 32, a yoke member 28, a handle block 30 and a figure lock 48.

Referring to Figure 3, the base member 22 is generally planar and includes a platform 80, a first arm 72 and a second arm 74. First arm 72 is attached to and projects outward from one end of platform 80. Second arm 74 is attached to and projects outward from the opposite end of platform 80. First arm 72 and second arm 74 projects outward from platform 80 in the same general direction. First arm 72 includes a first aperture 24 located at an end of the first arm 72. Platform 80 includes a second aperture 25 located in an outward corner of the platform 80 proximate to the

second arm 74. Mechanical fasteners are inserted through apertures 24, 25 and corresponding apertures (not shown) on the circuit breaker cover 12 (Figure 1) to fixedly attach the base member 22 to the circuit breaker cover 12. The base member 22 is preferably made of a plastic material. Second arm 74 further includes lines of weakness such that the second arm 74 can be manually removed from the platform 80, preferably at an edge 82. Edge 82 is generally located where the second arm 74 attaches to platform 80.

Referring to Figure 4, yoke member 28 is shown having apertures 42 spaced apart and located in a base section 56. Yoke member 28 is fixedly attached to base member 22 by inserting mechanical fasteners, preferably screws, through apertures 26 of base member 22 (Figure 3) and apertures 42. Yoke member 28 has a first leg 52 and a generally L-shaped second leg 54. First leg 52 and second leg 54 extend outward from base section 56 in the same general direction. Second leg 54 has an aperture 50 configured to receive a lock. First leg 52 has three padlock apertures 55. Padlock apertures 55 are spaced apart such that there is sufficient space between them to accommodate three padlocks (not shown). It is understood and within the scope of this invention that additional padlock apertures 55 can be employed to accommodate additional padlocks.

Referring to Figures 3 and 4, yoke member 28 is assembled to the base member 22. Yoke member 28 covers the second aperture 25 of the base member 22. First aperture 24 is not covered. Therefore, the yoke member 28 covers access to the mechanical fasteners used to fasten the base member 22 to the circuit breaker cover 12. Thus, when the locking device 20 (Figure 1) is intentionally locked, tampering with the locking device 20 is prevented.

Referring to Figure 5, a slider member 32 includes a first leg 36, second leg 38 and a base portion 40. Base portion 40 has three apertures 46 generally lined up along an edge of the base portion 40. Second leg 38 has two padlock apertures 34. First leg 36 and second leg 38 extend generally perpendicularly outward from the base portion 40 and in the same general direction. First leg 36 includes an opening, preferably elongated, 70. Opening 70 employs additional padlocks (not

shown). An arm 64 extends from first leg 36 of slider member 32 and includes an aperture 66. Arm 64 is generally bent towards the first leg 36.

Referring to Figures 4 and 5, slider member 32 is arranged to overliesaid yoke member 28 for slidable movement. Further, slider member 32 covers
5 access to the mechanical fasteners inserted through apertures 42 of the yoke member 28 and apertures 26 (Figure 3) of the base member 22 (Figure 3) in order to fasten the yoke member 28 to the base member 22. Therefore, when the locking device 20 is intentionally locked, tampering with the locking device 20 is prevented.

Referring to Figure 6, a handle block 30, preferably flat and thin in
10 shape, is shown having three apertures 71 and a slot 84. Slot 84 provides access to mechanical fasteners inserted through apertures 42 of yoke member 28 when locking device 20 is in the unlocked condition. Handle block 30 further includes a first end 76 and a second end 78. Second end 78 includes an L-shaped bend. Second end 78 ensures that the locking device 20 is locked only in the OFF position or the ON
15 position by obstructing (the slider 32 connected to handle block 30 cannot be slid on yoke 28 unless the handle 14 is in the intended position of locking since it is obstructed by the projection second leg 78 or first end 76. E.g. when the lock is configured for locking in OFF position and attempted to be used for locking in the ON position) handle 14.

Referring to Figures 5 and 6, the arrangement of the slider member 32
20 and the handle block 30 is described. One aperture 71 of handle block 30 selectively aligns with one aperture 46 of slider member 32. Mechanical fasteners are inserted through apertures 72 and extend through corresponding selected aligned apertures 46 of slider member 32. Handle block 30 is positioned such that first end 76 abuts
25 handle 14 (Figure 1) when handle 14 is in the OFF position and second end 78 abuts handle 14 when handle 14 is in the ON position. By changing the position of the handle block 30 relative to the slider member 32, the operating handle 14 will be locked in either the OFF position or the ON position.

Referring to Figure 7, a cam link 58 is shown with an aperture 60 and a first end 62. Cam link 58 is part of the locking device 20 (Figure 1). Referring to Figures 5 and 7, first end 62 of cam link 58 is arranged to for insertion into aperture 66 of arm 64 of slider member 32. Thus, the slider member 32 and the handle block 30 attached to slider member 32 are engagingly attached to the cam link 58.

Referring to Figure 8, the yoke member 28 and the slider member 32 are shown assembled with the cam link 58. The first leg 36 and base portion 30 of slider member 32 are positioned proximate to the yoke member 28 and in slidably contact with yoke member 28. A nut 88, or other similar mechanical fastener, holds the first arm 62 of cam link 58 in aperture 66.

The manner in which the operating handle 14 is locked in the desired OFF or ON position will now be described in reference to Figures 1, 4 and 7. To lock the operating handle 14 in the desired position, slider member 32 and handle block 30 must be slidably positioned to abut the operating handle 14 as described herein above. The slider member 32 and the handle block 30 must then be prevented from slidable motion. A lock 48, preferably a figure lock such as sold under the trade name Ronis 1104 and Profalux B24, is used to prevent the slidable motion of the slider member 32 and handle block 30. Lock 48 is inserted through aperture 50 of yoke member 28 and extends through aperture 60 of cam link 58. First end 62 of cam link 58 is configured to fit into aperture 66 to prevent movement of the slider member 32 when the lock 48 is installed. Further, the cam link 58 permits lock 48 to be mounted onto the locking device 20. Therefore, once the lock 48 is installed, the slider member 32 is prevented from movement. The handle block 30 connected to the slider member is also prevented from movement.

As described above in reference to Figure 6, the handle block 30 is positioned to abut either the first end 76 or the second end 78 depending on whether it is desired to lock the circuit breaker 10 (Figure 1) in either the OFF position (shown in Figure 1) or the ON position (shown in Figure 2). Since the handle block 30 is locked in the selected position relative to the handle 14, the handle 14 will be locked in the desired OFF or ON position.

Referring to Figure 1, as an alternative to securing the locking device 20 with lock 48, a padlock 68 may be used, preferably of 5-8 mm in diameter. Padlock 68 is positioned through padlock apertures 55 of the yoke member 28 that are aligned with corresponding padlock apertures 34 of the second leg 38 of slider member 32. Padlock apertures 55 and padlock apertures 34 are sufficiently spaced apart from one another such that one to three padlocks 68 may be inserted through each respective padlock aperture 55 and corresponding padlock aperture 34. Thus, the use of padlock 68, similar to lock 48, prevents the slider member 32 and the handle block 30 from slidable motion when the operating handle 14 is locked in the desired ON or OFF position. An authorized user may remove the padlocks 68 or unlock the locks 48 as desired and reconfigure the locking device 20 to switch the circuit breaker 10 from the OFF position to the ON position or visa versa. Locks 48 are unlocked by the authorized user through insertion of a key that disengages the cam link 58 from aperture 66 of arm 64 of slider member 32. Once unlocked, the slider member 32 is slid on the yoke member 28 in order to move the handle block 30 such that handle 14 is free to switch the circuit breaker 10 ON or OFF. The locking device 20 is then repositioned. The locking device may be re-assembled only if the user wishes to change the mode of locking (from ON to OFF or from OFF to ON).

When the circuit breaker 10 is locked in the ON position with the locking device 20 of the present invention, the "push to trip" button 70 located on circuit breaker cover 12 is preferably covered by the second arm 74 of slider member 32. When the circuit breaker is intentionally locked in the ON position, the ability to access and push the "push to trip" button would defeat the purpose of having the handle 14 locked in the ON position. Thus, when the circuit breaker 10 is intentionally locked in the ON position, the "push to trip" button 70 cannot be pressed and the circuit breaker cannot revert to the OFF position. It should be noted that if the circuit breaker 10 is intentionally locked in the OFF position, second arm 74 of base member 22 is easily removed by authorized field personnel exposing the push to trip button 70. This is accomplished by manually breaking off the second arm by pressing the lines of weakness that are formed within the second arm.

As described herein, the locking device 20 is versatile so that it may be used for locking the handle 14 of the circuit breaker 10 in either the ON position or the OFF position. The locking device 20 is mounted directly on the circuit breaker and authorized users can be readily unlock the selected locks and convert from the OFF position to the ON position or visa versa. Further, all mechanical fasteners holding the locking device 20 to the circuit breaker cover 12 are covered thereby preventing unauthorized tampering with the locking device 20. Another feature of the present invention is the built-in safety provision within the base member to avoid accidental or purposeful tripping of the circuit breaker 10 when it is locked in the ON position.

While the invention has been described with reference to a preferred embodiment, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes may be made and equivalents may be substituted for elements thereof without departing from the scope of the invention. In addition, many modifications may be made to adapt a particular situation or material to the teachings of the invention without departing from the essential scope thereof. Therefore, it is intended that the invention not be limited to the particular embodiment disclosed as the best mode contemplated for carrying out this invention, but that the invention will include all embodiments falling within the scope of the appended claims.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A locking device (20) for use on a circuit breaker (10) having a housing (16) and an operating handle (14) movable between an ON position and an OFF position, the locking device (20) comprising:

a yoke member (28) fixedly attached to the housing (16);

5 a slider member (32) slidably engaged to said yoke member (28);

a handle block (30) depending from said slider member (32) and positioned to abut the operating handle (14) in an engaged position; and

a first lock (48) arranged to secure said slider member (32) and said handle block (30) in the engaged position.

10 2. The locking device (20) of claim 1 wherein said handle block (30) is positioned to abut the operating handle (14) in at least a first and a second engaged position, wherein said handle block (30) prevents the operating handle (14) from moving from the ON position to the OFF position when said handle block (30) is in the first engaged position and prevents the operating handle (14) from moving
15 from the OFF position to the ON position when said handle block (30) is in the second engaged position.

3. The locking device (20) of claim 1 wherein said yoke member (28) includes a first aperture (50) and said first lock (48) is mounted within said first aperture (50) of said yoke member (28).

20 4. The locking device (20) of claim 3 wherein said slider member (32) includes a base (40), a first leg (36) extending from said base (40), and an arm (64) extending from said first leg (36), said arm (64) having a first aperture (66) and further including a cam link (58) having a first end (62), said cam link (58) connected to said first lock (48), wherein said aperture (66) in said arm (64) of said slider
25 member (32) configured to receive said first end (62) of said cam link (58).

5. The locking device (20) of claim 1 wherein said handle block (30) is generally thin and flat.

6. The locking device (20) of claim 1 further including a base member (22) disposed between said yoke member (28) and the housing (16), said
5 base member (22) adapted to cover a push-to-trip button (70) on the housing.

7. The locking device (20) of claim 1 wherein said arm (64) is U-shaped and inwardly extending.

8. The locking device (20) of claim 6 wherein said base member (22) is formed from plastics material.

10 9. The locking device (20) of claim 8 wherein said base member (22) includes a first arm (72) extending from one end of said base member (22) and a second arm (74) extending from an opposite end of said base member (22) and adapted to cover said push-to-trip button (70) on the housing (16), wherein said second arm (74) contains lines of weakness for removing said second arm (74) from
15 said base member (22).

10. The locking device (20) of claim 9 wherein said second arm (74) is generally planar.

11. The locking device (20) of claim 1 wherein said first lock (48) is a figure lock.

20 12. The locking device (20) of claim 1 wherein said yoke member (28) includes a base section (56) and a first leg (52) extending from said base section (56), said first leg (52) having a first padlock aperture (55), and further wherein said slider member (22) includes a second leg (38) having a first padlock aperture (34) configured to align with said first padlock aperture (55) in said yoke member (28) for
25 receiving said first lock (48) for securing said slider member (32) and said handle block (30) in the engaged position.

13. The locking device (20) of claim 12 wherein said first lock (48) is a padlock (68).

14. The locking device (20) of claim 1 wherein said handle block (30) includes an aperture (71) and wherein said slider member (32) includes an aperture (46), said aperture (71) in said handle block (30) configured to align with said aperture (46) in said slider member (32) for insertion of a mechanical fastener.

15. The locking device (20) of claim 4 wherein said cam link (58) includes an aperture (60), said first lock (48) inserted through said aperture (60) of said cam link (58).

16. The locking device (20) of claim 5 further including a fastener (88) connected to said cam link (58), said fastener (88) arranged to secure said first end (62) of said cam link (58) in said first aperture (66) of said arm (64).

17. The locking device (20) of claim 1 wherein said handle block (30) having a plurality of apertures (71) and said slider member (32) having a plurality of apertures (46) wherein one of said plurality of apertures (46) in said slider member (32) selectively aligned with one of said plurality of apertures (71) in said handle block (30) to abut said handle block (30) against the operating handle (14) in the engaged position.

18. The locking device (20) of claim 1 wherein said base member (22) having an aperture (24) for receiving a mechanical fastener to fixedly attach said base member (22) to the housing (16) and further wherein said yoke member (28) covers said aperture (24) of said base member (22) to prevent access to said aperture (24) of said base member (22) when the locking device (20) is locked in the engaged position.

19. The locking device (20) of claim 1 wherein said yoke member (28) having an aperture (42) for receiving a mechanical fastener to fixedly attach said yoke member (28) to said base member (22) and further wherein said slider member (32) covers said aperture (42) of said yoke member (28) to prevent access to said aperture (42) of said yoke member (28) when the locking device (20) is locked in the engaged position.

20. A circuit breaker (10) comprising:

- a housing (16);
- an operating handle (14), extending outwardly from the housing (16),
movable between an ON position and an OFF position; and
- a locking device (20) including:
 - a yoke member (28) fixedly attached to the housing (16);
 - a slider member (32) slidably engaged to said yoke member (28);
 - a handle block (30) depending from said slider member (32)
and positioned to abut the operating handle (14) in an engaged position; and
 - a first lock (48) arranged to secure said slider member (32) and
said handle block (30) in the engaged position.

21. The circuit breaker (10) of claim 20 wherein said handle block (30) is positioned to abut said operating handle (14) in a first and a second engaged position, wherein said handle block (30) prevents said operating handle (14) from moving from the ON position to the OFF position when said handle block (30) is in the first engaged position and prevents said operating handle (14) from moving from the OFF position to the ON position when said handle block (30) is in the second engaged position.

22. The circuit breaker (10) of claim 20 wherein said yoke member (28) includes a first aperture (50) and said first lock (48) is mounted within said first aperture (50) of said yoke member (28).

23. The circuit breaker (10) of claim 22 wherein said slider member (32) includes a base (40), a first leg (36) extending from said base (40) and an arm (64) extending from said first leg (36), said arm (64) having a first aperture (66) and further including a cam link (58) having a first end (62), said cam link (58) connected to said first lock (48), wherein said aperture (66) in said arm (64) of said slider member (32) configured to receive said first end (62) of said cam link (58).

24. The circuit breaker (10) of claim 20 wherein said handle block (30) is generally thin and flat.

25. The circuit breaker (10) of claim 20 further including a base member (22) disposed between said yoke member (28) and the housing (16), said base member (22) adapted to cover a push-to-trip button (70) on the housing (16).

26. The circuit breaker (10) of claim 20 wherein said arm (64) is U-shaped and inwardly extending.

27. The circuit breaker (10) of claim 25 wherein said base member (22) is formed from plastics material.

28. The circuit breaker (10) of claim 27 wherein said base member (22) includes a first arm (72) extending from one end of said base member (22) and a second arm (74) extending from an opposite end of said base member (22) and adapted to cover said push-to-trip button (70) on the housing (16), wherein said second arm (74) contains lines of weakness for removing said second arm (74) from said base member (22).

29. The circuit breaker (10) of claim 28 wherein said second arm (74) is generally planar.

30. The circuit breaker (10) of claim 20 wherein said first lock (48) is a figure lock.

31. The circuit breaker (10) of claim 20 wherein said yoke member (28) includes a base section (56) and a first leg (52) extending from said base section (56), said first leg (52) having a first padlock aperture (55), and further wherein said slider member (22) includes a second leg (38) having a first padlock aperture (34) configured to align with said first padlock aperture (55) in said yoke member (28) for receiving said first lock (48) for securing said slider member (32) and said handle block (30) in the engaged position.

32. The circuit breaker (10) of claim 31 wherein said first lock (48) is a padlock.

33. The circuit breaker (10) of claim 20 wherein said handle block (30) includes an aperture (71) and wherein said slider member (32) includes an aperture (46), said aperture (71) in said handle block (30) configured to align with said aperture (46) in said slider member (32) for insertion of a mechanical fastener.

34. The circuit breaker (10) of claim 23 wherein said cam link (58) includes an aperture (60), said first lock (48) inserted through said aperture (60) of said cam link (58).

35. The circuit breaker (10) of claim 24 further including a fastener (88) connected to said cam link (58), said fastener (88) arranged to secure said first end (62) of said cam link (58) in said first aperture (66) of said arm (64).

36. The circuit breaker (10) of claim 20 wherein said handle block (30) having a plurality of apertures (71) and said slider member (32) having a plurality of apertures (46) wherein one of said plurality of apertures (46) in said slider member (32) selectively aligned with one of said plurality of apertures (71) in said handle block (30) to abut said handle block (30) against the operating handle (14) in the engaged position.

37. The locking device (20) of claim 20 wherein said base member (22) having an aperture (24) for receiving a mechanical fastener to fixedly attach said base member (22) to the housing (16) and further wherein said yoke member (28) covers said aperture (24) of said base member (22) to prevent access to said aperture (24) of said base member (22) when the locking device (20) is locked in the engaged position.

38. The locking device (20) of claim 20 wherein said yoke member (28) having an aperture (42) for receiving a mechanical fastener to fixedly attach said yoke member (28) to said base member (22) and further wherein said slider member (32) covers said aperture (42) of said yoke member (28) to prevent access to said aperture (42) of said yoke member (28) when the locking device (20) is locked in the engaged position.

FIG. 1

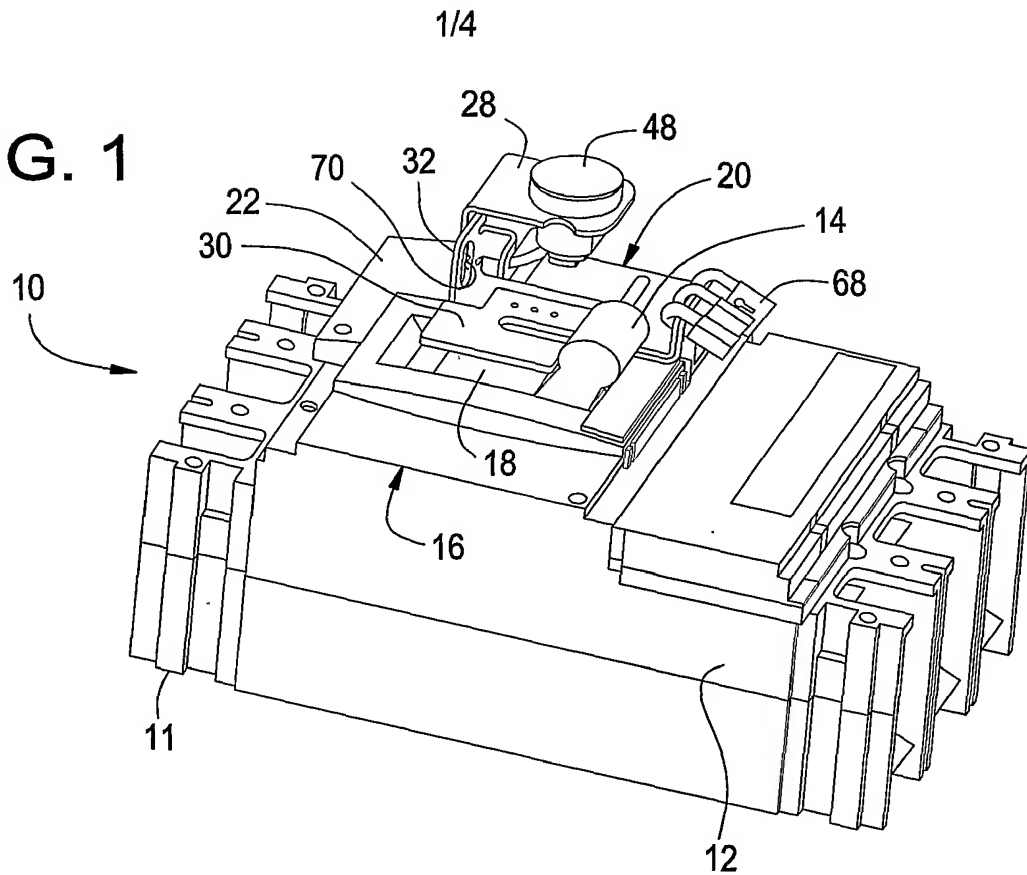


FIG. 2

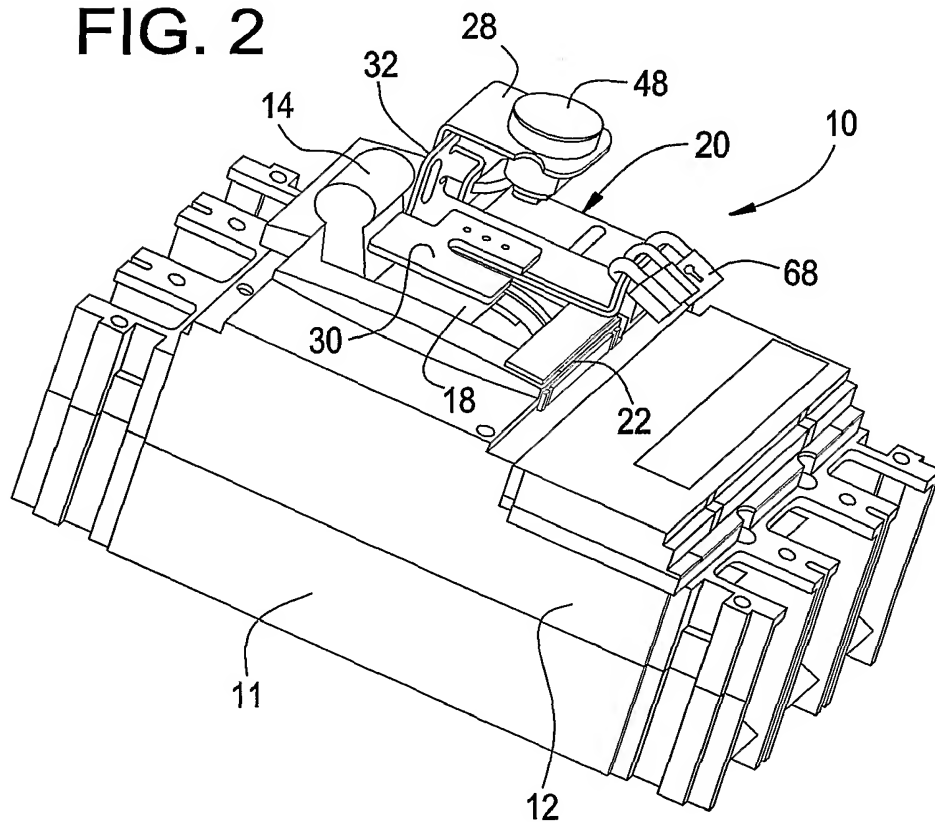
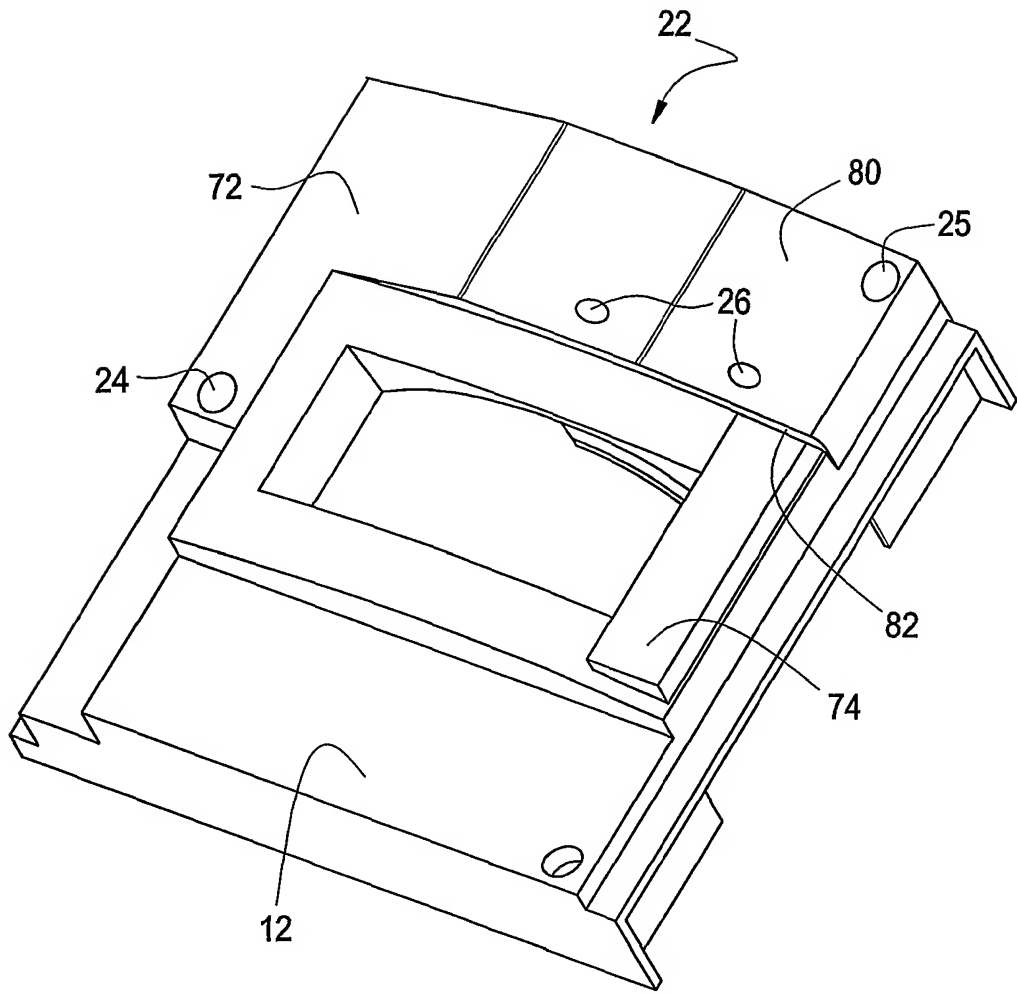


FIG. 3



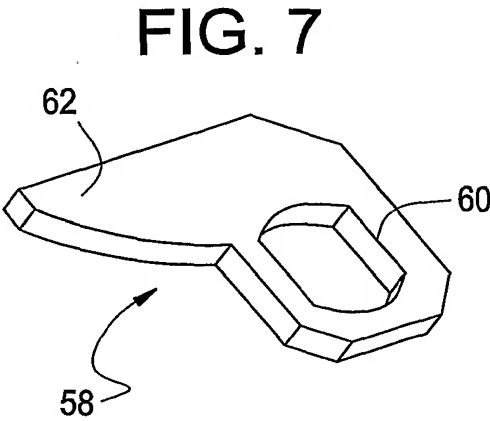
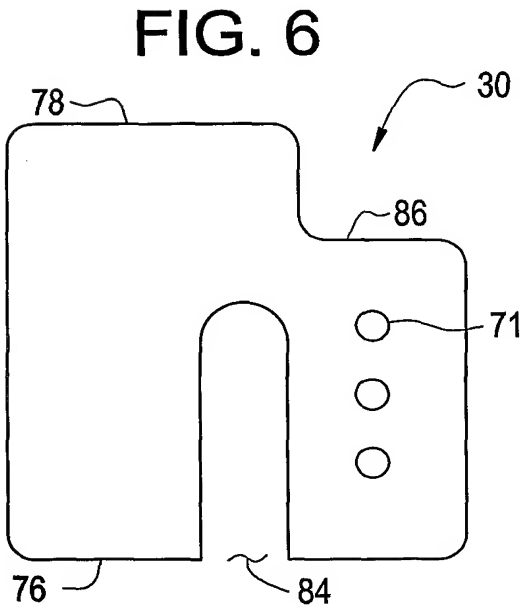
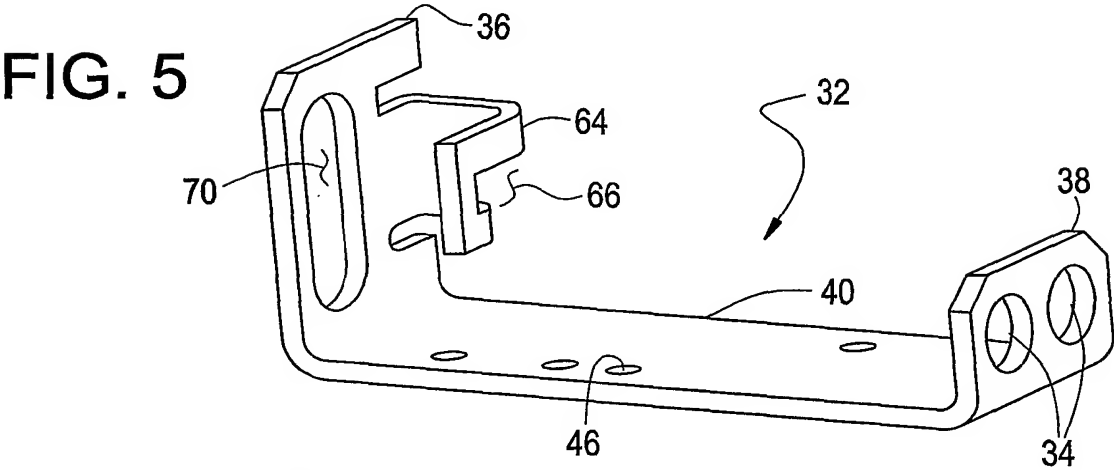
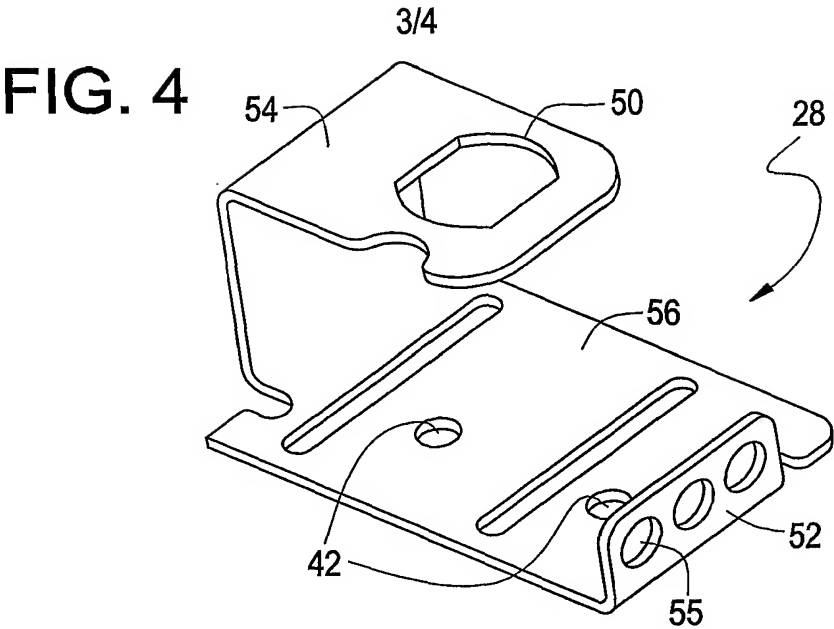


FIG. 8

